

Non-Discrimination and Harassment (Including Sexual Harassment) in the Workplace

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town of Caroline to promote a productive work environment and to prohibit conduct by any Elected Official or employee (as defined in Section 104 of the Employee Handbook) that disrupts or interferes with another’s work performance or that creates an intimidating, offensive, or hostile work environment. In keeping with this goal, the Town is committed to educate Elected Officials and employees in the recognition and prevention of workplace discrimination and harassment, including sexual harassment, and to provide an effective means of eliminating such discrimination and harassment from the workplace. In short, the Town does not tolerate any form of discrimination or harassment, including sexual harassment, and will take all steps necessary to prevent and stop the occurrence of such activity in the workplace. The accompanying complaint procedure is intended to provide an effective mechanism for reporting, and resolving promptly, complaints of discrimination and harassment, including sexual harassment, without any risk of repercussion to any individual covered by this policy who, in good faith, files such complaint.

Applicability of Policy – This policy applies to all Elected Officials, Appointed Members of Boards and Commissions, employees, supervisors, and Department Heads, whether employed full or part-time, temporary or seasonal, paid or unpaid interns, volunteers, and those employed by companies contracting to provide services in the workplace. Depending on the extent of the Town’s exercise of control, this policy may be applied to the conduct of non-Town employees with respect to harassment of Town employees in the workplace.

Prohibited harassment (including sexual harassment) is not limited to the physical workplace itself. It can occur while Elected Officials, employees or other individuals covered by this policy are traveling for Town business or at Town sponsored events or parties. Calls, texts, emails, and social media usage by employees or other individuals covered by this policy can constitute workplace harassment, even if they occur away from the workplace premises, on personal devices, or during non-work hours.

Prohibited Activity – No Elected Official, employee or other individuals covered by this policy shall engage in any of the following:

- **Harassment**: Unwanted, unreasonable verbal or physical conduct directed toward or affecting another person that disturbs, frightens, insults, threatens, intimidates, demeans, or offends that other person, that continues or is repeated after a request to cease, and that: 1) has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment; 2) has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual’s work performance; or 3) otherwise adversely affects an individual’s employment opportunities. Harassment includes offensive or inappropriate images or written materials or electronic communications (e.g. letters, e-mail, text messages, or graffiti) as well as bias-based harassment and sexual harassment (see below).
- **Bias-Based Harassment**: Harassment that denigrates, offends or shows hostility or aversion toward an individual on the basis of sex, (including gender identity and the status of being transgender), sexual orientation, race, color, national origin, religion, disability, pregnancy, age, marital status, veteran status, military status, arrest or conviction record, genetic information or predisposing characteristics, domestic violence victim status, or

any other protected status. Bias-based harassment includes, but is not limited to: epithets, slurs or negative stereotyping; threatening, intimidating, or hostile acts; denigrating jokes; and written, electronic, or graphic material that denigrates, ridicules, objectifies, or shows hostility, aversion or contempt toward an individual or group and that is placed on walls, bulletin boards, lockers or elsewhere on or in the Town's premises, vehicles, or equipment, or is circulated in the workplace, including through electronic means.

- **Discrimination:** The Town of Caroline is an Equal Opportunity Employer. The Town does not unlawfully discriminate on the basis of sex, (including gender identity and the status of being transgender), sexual orientation, race, color, national origin, religion, disability, pregnancy, age, marital status, veteran status, military status, arrest or conviction record, genetic information or predisposing characteristics, domestic violence victim status, or any other protected status. Unlawful discrimination based on membership in these categories is prohibited by applicable federal, state, or local laws. This policy applies to all terms and conditions of employment, including, but not limited to, hiring, placement, assignments, compensation, promotion, transfer, training, leave of absence, and termination.

Definition of Sexual Harassment – This policy places special attention on the prohibition of sexual harassment in the workplace.

Sexual harassment is a form of sex discrimination and is unlawful under federal, state, and (where applicable) local law. Sexual harassment includes harassment on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, self-identified or perceived sex, gender expression, gender identity and the status of being transgender.

Sexual harassment includes unwelcome conduct which is either of a sexual nature, or which is directed at an individual because of that individual's sex when:

- Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment, even if the reporting individual is not the intended target of the sexual harassment;
- Such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of employment; or
- Submission to or rejection of such conduct is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting an individual's employment.

A sexually harassing hostile work environment includes, but is not limited to, words, signs, jokes, pranks, intimidation or physical violence which are of a sexual nature, or which are directed at an individual because of that individual's sex. Sexual harassment also consists of any unwanted verbal or physical advances, sexually explicit derogatory statements or sexually discriminatory remarks made by someone which are offensive or objectionable to the recipient, which cause the recipient discomfort or humiliation, or which interfere with the recipient's job performance.

Sexual harassment also occurs when a person in authority tries to trade job benefits for sexual favors. This can include hiring, promotion, continued employment or any other terms, conditions or privileges of employment. This is also called "quid pro quo" harassment.

Any employee who feels harassed should report so that any violation of this policy can be corrected promptly. Any harassing conduct, even a single incident, can be addressed under this policy.

Examples of Sexual Harassment - The following describes some of the types of acts that may be unlawful sexual harassment and that are strictly prohibited:

- Physical acts of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Touching, pinching, patting, kissing, hugging, grabbing, brushing against another employee's body or poking another employee's body;
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
- Unwanted sexual advances or propositions, such as:
 - Requests for sexual favors accompanied by implied or overt threats concerning the target's job performance evaluation, a promotion or other job benefits or detriments;
 - Subtle or obvious pressure for unwelcome sexual activities.
- Sexually oriented gestures, noises, remarks or jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience, which create a hostile work environment.
- Sex stereotyping occurs when conduct or personality traits are considered inappropriate simply because they may not conform to other people's ideas or perceptions about how individuals of a particular sex should act or look.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the workplace, such as:
 - Displaying pictures, posters, calendars, graffiti, objects, promotional material, reading materials or other materials that are sexually demeaning or pornographic. This includes such sexual displays on workplace computers or cell phones and sharing such displays while in the workplace.
- Hostile actions taken against an individual because of that individual's sex, sexual orientation, gender identity and the status of being transgender, such as:
 - Interfering with, destroying or damaging a person's workstation, tools or equipment, or otherwise interfering with the individual's ability to perform the job;
 - Sabotaging an individual's work;
 - Bullying, yelling, name-calling.

Prohibition Against Retaliation – Unlawful retaliation can be any action that could discourage an employee from coming forward to make or support a claim of discrimination or harassment, including sexual harassment. Adverse action need not be job-related or occur in the workplace to constitute unlawful retaliation (e.g., threats of physical violence outside of work hours).

Unlawful retaliation against any employee who has engaged in "protected activity" is strictly prohibited by this policy as well as (where applicable) federal, state, and local law. Protected activity occurs when a person has:

- made a complaint of harassment or discrimination, either internally or with any anti-discrimination agency;

- opposed harassment or discrimination by making a verbal or informal complaint to management, or by simply informing a supervisor or management of harassment or discrimination;
- reported that another employee has been subjected to harassment or discrimination;
- encouraged a fellow employee to report harassment or discrimination;
- participated in a workplace investigation regarding harassment or discrimination;
- testified or assisted in a proceeding involving harassment or discrimination under the Human Rights Law or other anti-discrimination laws.

Even if the alleged discrimination or harassment does not turn out to rise to the level of a violation of law, the individual is protected from retaliation if the person had a good faith belief that the practices were unlawful. However, the retaliation provision is not intended to protect persons making intentionally false charges of discrimination or harassment.

Reporting of Discrimination and Harassment (including Sexual Harassment) – Reports of alleged discrimination and/or harassment (including sexual harassment) or retaliation may be made verbally or in writing. A form for the submission of a written complaint is attached to this policy and individuals are encouraged to use this form. If an individual chooses to submit a verbal complaint, such complaint will be recorded by the receiver of this complaint on this form. Employees are encouraged to report incidents of discrimination, harassment (including sexual harassment), or retaliation to their Department Head and/or the Town Supervisor as soon as possible after their occurrence. If the employee's Department Head is believed to be involved in the incident, or if the employee is not comfortable in addressing the incident with the Department Head, the report should be made directly to the Town Supervisor. If the Town Supervisor is believed to be involved in the incident or the employee is not comfortable reporting the incident to the Town Supervisor, the employee should report the incident to a member of the Town Board. Employees who believe they have been discriminated against or harassed and would like to obtain guidance as to how to proceed in filing a complaint, should contact their immediate supervisor, their Department Head, the Town Supervisor, or any member of the Town Board. Employees who work during off-hours are encouraged to contact their supervisor, their Department Head, the Town Supervisor, or any member of the Town Board at home if these individuals do not work during the employee's shift. Non-employees are encouraged to report incidents of alleged discrimination and harassment (including sexual harassment) to either the Department Head of the department where services are being provided, the Town Supervisor, or a member of the Town Board.

Supervisory Responsibility – Supervisory personnel must make every effort to ensure a work environment that is free from discrimination and harassment, including sexual harassment. Any Department Head or supervisor who receives a complaint or information about suspected prohibited activity (as outlined above), observes behavior that may constitute prohibited activity, or for any reason suspects that prohibited activity is occurring, is required to report such suspected prohibited activity to the Town Supervisor, or any member of the Town Board.

In addition to being subject to corrective action or discipline if they engaged in prohibited activity themselves, supervisory personnel will be subject to discipline for failing to report suspected prohibited activity or otherwise knowingly allowing prohibited activity to continue. Supervisory personnel will also be subject to corrective action or discipline for engaging in any form of retaliation prohibited by this policy.

Investigation of Complaint – The Town Supervisor, in consultation with the Town Board, will determine the appropriate individual(s) to conduct the investigation. All complaints pursuant to this policy, whether reported in verbal or written form, will be investigated promptly, thoroughly, and in as impartial a manner as possible. The investigation will normally include conferring with the parties involved and any named or apparent witnesses. All employees are required to cooperate in an investigation, if so directed. All persons involved, including complainants, witnesses and alleged perpetrators will be accorded due process to protect their rights to a fair and impartial investigation. All relevant materials, including all electronic communications, documents, emails or phone records that are relevant to the allegations will also be considered. A written report will be prepared documenting the results of the investigation. The individual who reported the complaint and the individual about whom the complaint was made will be notified of the final determination.

Confidentiality – Complaints of discrimination and harassment, including sexual harassment, will be handled and investigated promptly and in a manner that is as impartial and confidential as possible. In no event will information concerning a complaint be released by the Town to third parties or to anyone within the Town employment who is not directly involved in the investigation or handling of the complaint unless otherwise required by law.

Corrective Action and Discipline – Any employee who is found to have violated any aspect of this policy will be subject to corrective or disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment, as provided by Town operating procedures, including Civil Service Law Section 75, or a collective bargaining agreement. Any Elected Official who violates this policy will be subject to remedial action as provided for and/or allowed under NYS Public Officers Law, as well as any other applicable statutes. Any vendor, supplier, visitor, customer, or other non-employee who violates this policy will be subject to remedial action, to the extent that the Town is empowered to take such action.

Legal Protections and External Remedies – Nothing in this policy should be construed as in any way limiting employees' rights to file a formal complaint with the appropriate state or federal agencies responsible for administering anti-discrimination laws. Complainants should be aware that time restrictions may apply and need to be considered. Harassment (including sexual harassment) is not only prohibited by Town policy but is also prohibited by federal, state, and (where applicable) local law. Aside from the Town's internal process, employees may also choose to pursue legal remedies with the following governmental entities at any time.

New York State Division of Human Rights (DHR)

The Human Rights Law (HRL) applies to employers in New York State with regard to harassment and protects employees and non-employees regardless of immigration status. A complaint alleging violation of the Human Rights Law may be filed either with DHR or in New York State Supreme Court. Complaints with DHR may be filed any time within one year of the harassment. If an individual did not file at DHR, they can sue directly in state court under the HRL, within three years of the alleged discrimination. An individual may not file with DHR if they have already filed an HRL complaint in state court. Filing an internal

complaint with the Town does not extend the time limits to file with DHR or in court. The one year or three years is counted from date of the most recent incident of harassment. An attorney is not needed to file a complaint with DHR, and there is no cost to file with DHR. DHR will investigate the complaint and determine whether there is probable cause to believe that discrimination has occurred. Probable cause cases are forwarded to a public hearing before an administrative law judge. If discrimination is found after a hearing, DHR has the power to award relief, which varies but may include requiring the Town to take action to stop the harassment, or redress the damage caused, including paying monetary damages, attorney's fees and civil fines.

DHR's main office contact information is: NYS Division of Human Rights, One Fordham Plaza, Fourth Floor, Bronx, New York 10458, (718) 741-8400. Contact DHR at (888) 392-3644 or visit dhr.ny.gov/complaint for more information about filing a complaint. The website has a complaint form that can be downloaded, filled out, notarized and mailed to DHR. The website also contains contact information for DHR's regional offices across New York State.

United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC)

The EEOC enforces federal anti-discrimination laws, including Title VII of the 1964 federal Civil Rights Act (codified as 42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq.). An individual can file a complaint with the EEOC anytime within 300 days from the harassment. There is no cost to file a complaint with the EEOC. The EEOC will investigate the complaint and determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that discrimination has occurred, at which point the EEOC will issue a Right to Sue letter permitting the individual to file a complaint in federal court. The EEOC does not hold hearings or award relief but may take other action including pursuing cases in federal court on behalf of complaining parties. Federal courts may award remedies if discrimination is found to have occurred. If an employee believes that he/she has been discriminated against at work, he/she can file a "Charge of Discrimination." The EEOC has district, area, and field offices where complaints can be filed. Contact the EEOC by calling 1-800-669-4000 (1-800-669-6820 (TTY)), visiting their website at www.eeoc.gov or via email at info@eeoc.gov. If an individual filed an administrative complaint with DHR, DHR will file the complaint with the EEOC to preserve the right to proceed in federal court.

Local Protections

Many localities enforce laws protecting individuals from sexual harassment and discrimination. An individual should contact the county, city or town in which they live to find out if such a law exists.

Contact the Local Police Department

If the harassment involves physical touching, coerced physical confinement or coerced sex acts, the conduct may constitute a crime. Contact the local police department.

TOWN OF CAROLINE

COMPLAINT FORM

DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT (INCLUDING SEXUAL HARASSMENT)

This form is to be used to document any complaint of alleged discrimination and/or harassment, including sexual harassment, as outlined in the policy. Once you complete this form, please submit it to the appropriate individual as outlined in the policy. If you are more comfortable reporting the allegations verbally or in another manner, refer to your policy for guidance. Once you submit this complaint, the Town will commence an investigation pursuant to its policy.

Name of Complainant:	Department:
Name(s) of individual engaging in alleged discrimination and/or harassment including sexual harassment:	Department:
Describe the specific incident of discrimination and/or harassment alleged. Describe each incident separately, including dates, times and locations. If you cannot remember exact dates, times or locations, provide approximations. Use additional pages if necessary.	
Are there others who may have witnessed this alleged discrimination and/or harassment? If so, provide their name(s).	

Are there others who may have experienced similar alleged discrimination and/or harassment by the individual named above? If so, provide their name(s).

Did you tell anyone about your experience after the alleged incident(s)? If yes, provide their name(s).

Did you speak to the individual named in this report about the alleged discrimination and/or harassment? If yes, what was his or her response?

Complainant Signature*: _____

Date: _____

Print Name: _____

Job Title: _____

*I understand that the Town of Caroline prohibits any individual from retaliating against me for filing a complaint and that I am to report such retaliation pursuant to the Town's policy.

Signature of Person Receiving Complaint: _____

Date: _____

Print Name: _____

Job Title: _____